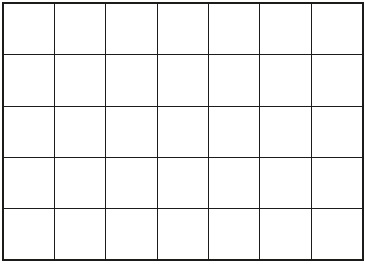
**Q1.**

Adam has this rectangular piece of card. It is marked with grid lines.



Adam makes two straight cuts along the grid lines.

The two cuts divide the rectangle into 3 shapes:

•   2 squares of **different** size, and

•   1 rectangle.

Using the grid lines, draw **two** lines that show where Adam could have made his cuts.

Use a ruler.

1 mark

**Q2.**

Join dots on the grid to make a quadrilateral that has **3 acute** angles.

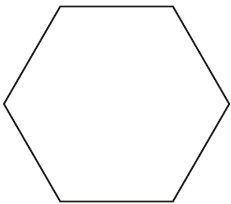


1 mark

**Q3.**

Here is a hexagon.

Draw **two** straight lines across the hexagon to make two triangles and two quadrilaterals.



1 mark

**Q4.**

The following quadrilaterals all have a **perimeter of 36 cm**.

Here is a table to show the length of each side.

Complete the table.

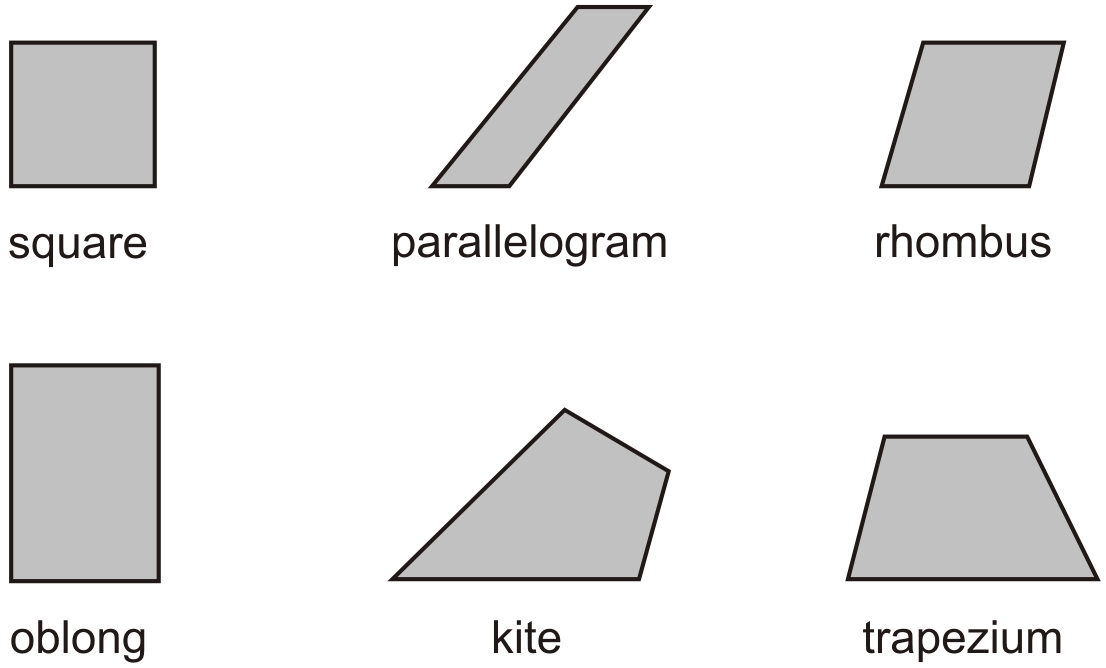
One quadrilateral is done for you.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Side lengths |
| square | 9 cm            9 cm            9 cm        9 cm |
| rectangle | 3 cm |
| rhombus | 9 cm |
| kite | 10 cm |

2 marks

**Q5.**

Here are six quadrilaterals with their mathematical names.



Lara chooses one of the quadrilaterals.

She says,

***‘It has two acute angles.  
All four sides are the same length’.***

Which quadrilateral did Lara choose?



1 mark

Stefan chooses one of the quadrilaterals.

He says,

***‘It has more than one obtuse angle.  
It has no parallel sides’.***

Which quadrilateral did Stefan choose?



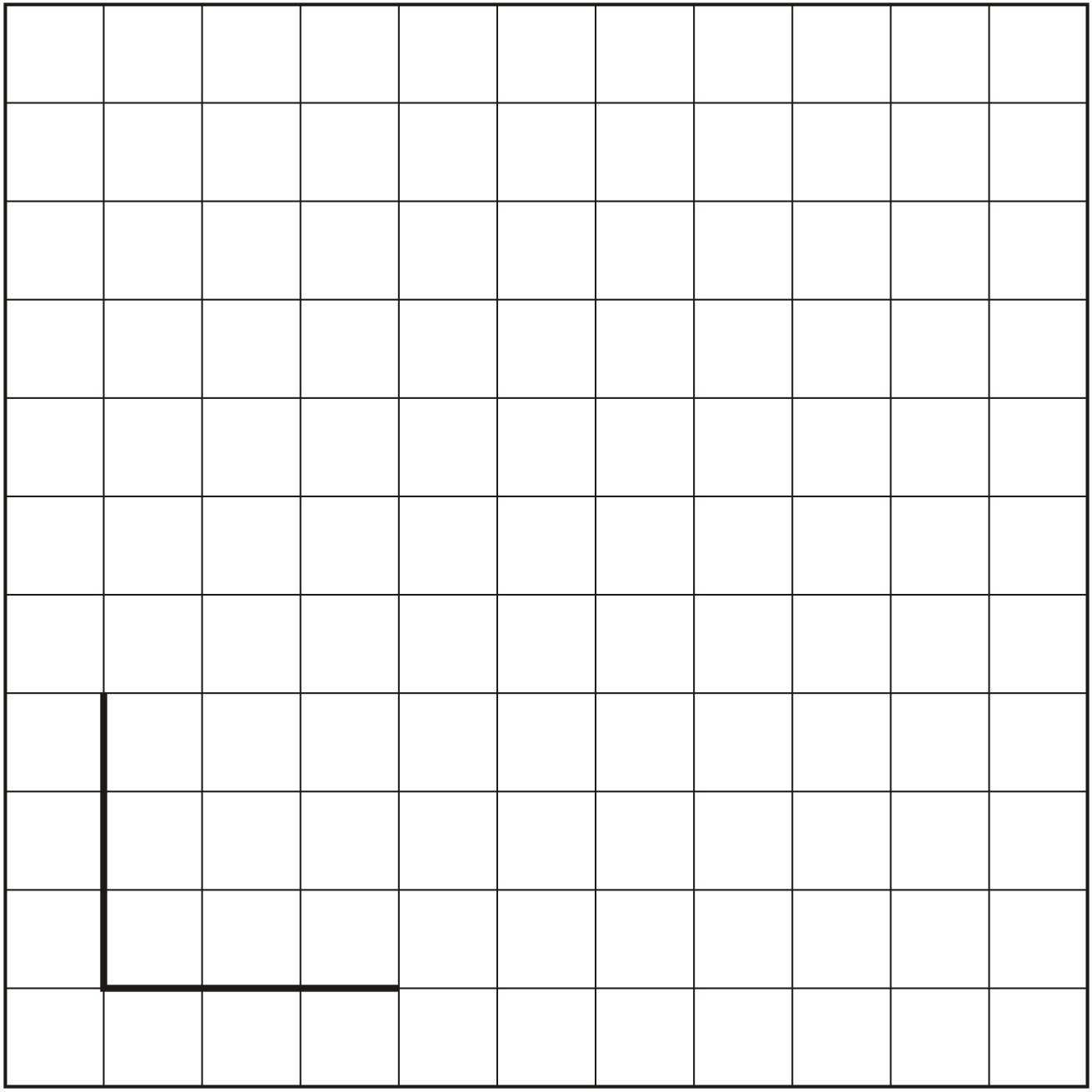
1 mark

**Q6.**

Here is a centimetre grid.

Draw **two** more lines to make a **quadrilateral** with an area of **18 cm2.**

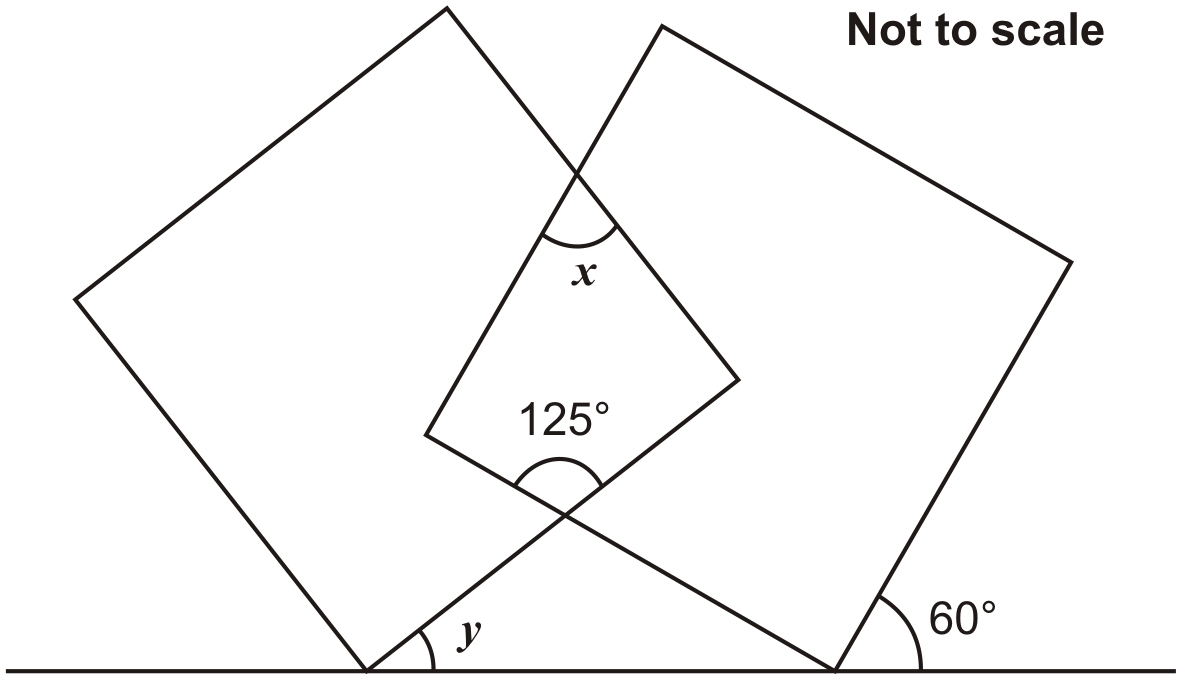
Use a ruler.



1 mark

**Q7.**

The diagram shows two overlapping squares and a straight line.



Calculate the value of **angle *x*** and the value of **angle *y***.

Do **not** use a protractor (angle measurer).



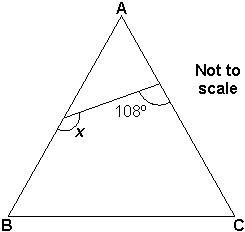
1 mark



1 mark

**Q8.**

Triangle **ABC** is **equilateral**.



Calculate the size of **angle *x***.

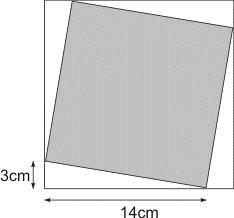
Do not use an angle measurer (protractor).



1 mark

**Q9.**

The diagram shows a shaded square inside a larger square.

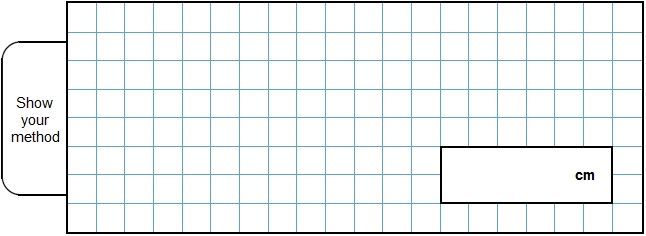


Calculate the area of the **larger square**.



1 mark

Calculate the area of the **shaded square**.

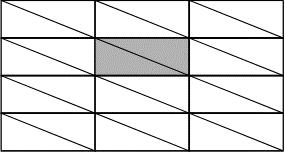


2 mark

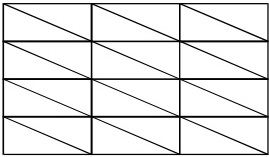
**Q10.**

**Shapes**

Mike has a triangle grid.  
He shades in **2 triangles** to make a shape with **4 sides.**

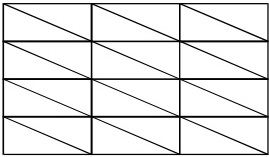


(a)     Shade in **2 triangles** on this grid to make a **different** shape with 4 sides.



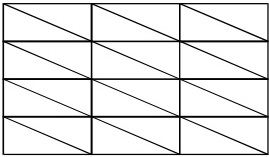
1 mark

(b)     Shade in **2 triangles** on this grid to make another **different** shape with 4 sides.



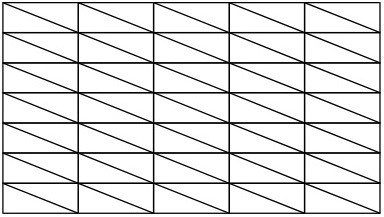
1 mark

(c)     Shade in **4** small triangles on this grid to make a **bigger triangle.**



1 mark

(d)     Shade in **more than 4** small triangles on this grid to make a **bigger triangle.**



1 mark

**Q11.**

A circle has a diameter of 22 cm.

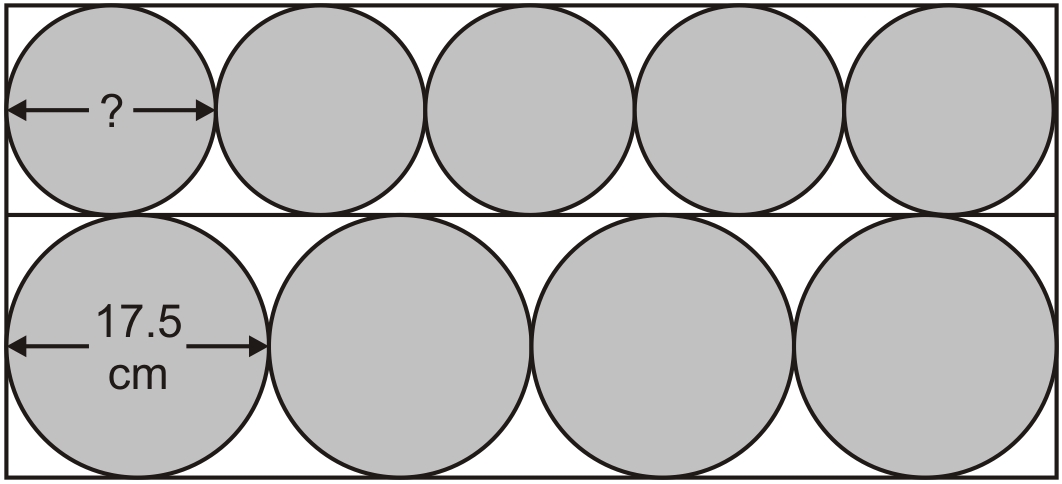
What is the length of its radius?



1 mark

**Q12.**

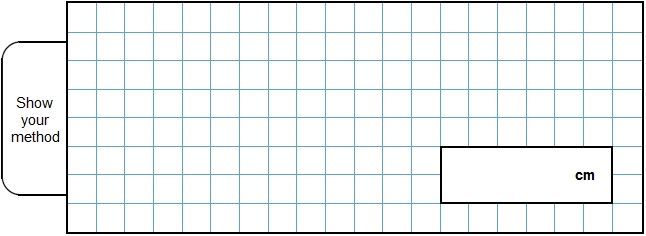
Four large circles and five small circles fit exactly inside this rectangle.



Not actual size

The **diameter** of a large circle is **17.5** centimetres.

Calculate the **diameter** of a small circle.

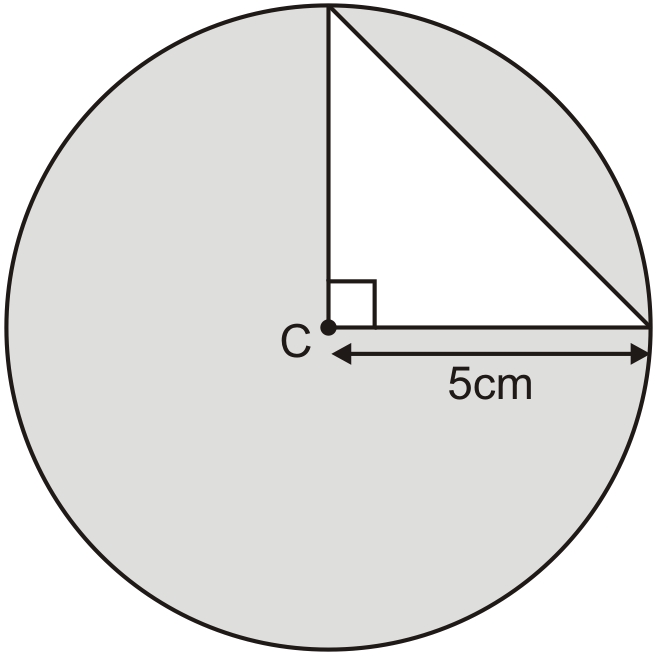


2 marks

**Q13.**

The diagram shows a **right-angled triangle** inside a **circle**.

The circle has a radius of **5 centimetres**.

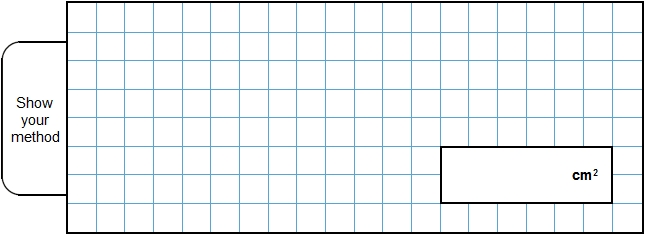


Calculate the **area** of the **triangle**.



1 mark

Calculate the area of the **shaded part** of the diagram.



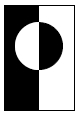
2 mark

**Q14.**

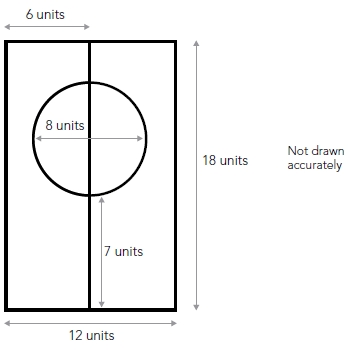
The flag of Greenland is a rectangle with a circle drawn inside.



Here is the same flag rotated.

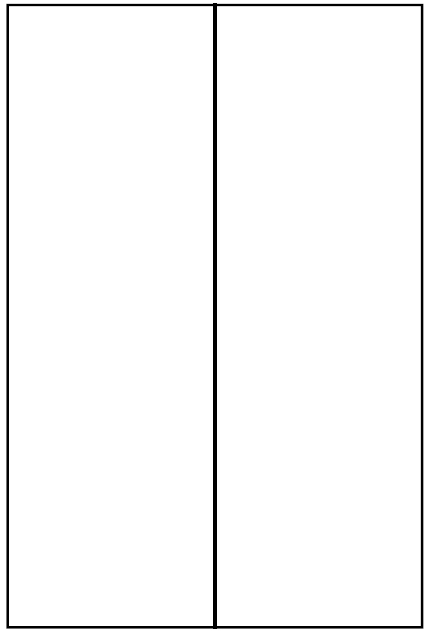


The sketch gives the information you need to draw the flag.



Use the correct mathematical equipment to **draw accurately** the flag of Greenland.

Some of the flag is drawn for you.



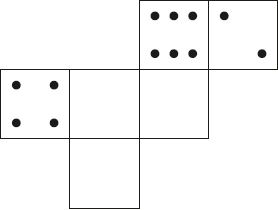
3 marks

**Q15.**

On a dice, the sum of the dots on opposite faces is always 7



Draw dots on the three empty faces of the net so that it could fold up to make a dice.

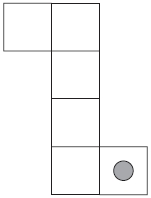
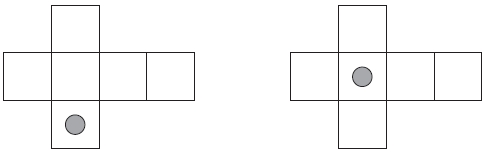


1 mark

**Q16.**

Here are three nets of a cube.

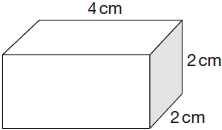
On each net draw **one more dot** so that each cube will have dots on **opposite** faces.



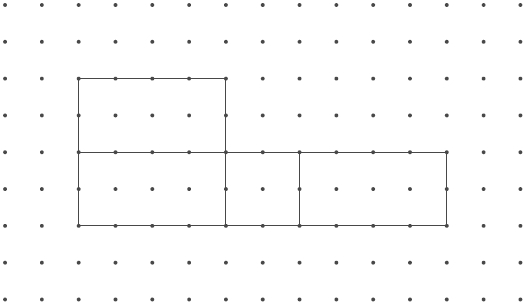
2 marks

**Q17.**

Look at the cuboid below.



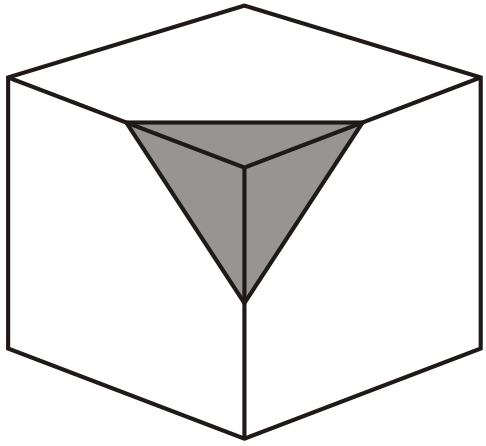
Draw **two** more faces to complete the net of the cuboid.



2 marks

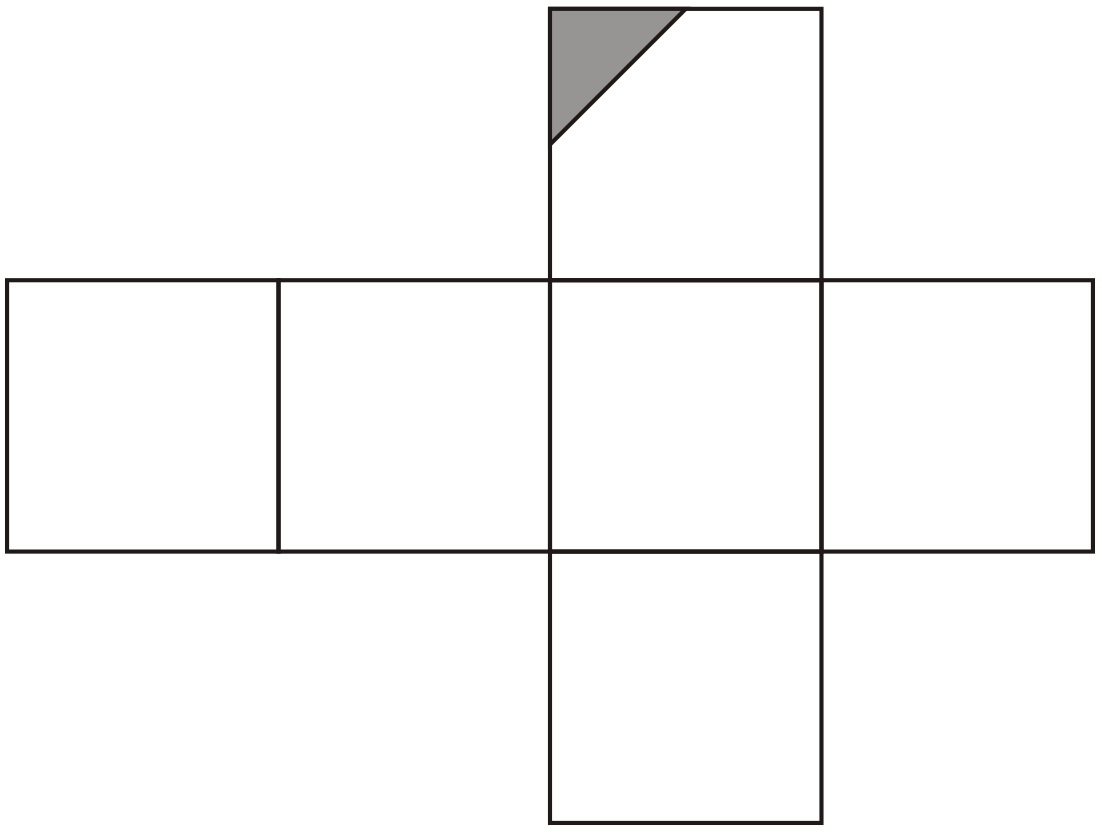
**Q18.**

A cube has shaded triangles on three of its faces.



Here is the net of the cube.

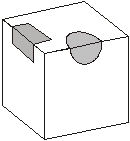
Draw in the two missing shaded triangles.



1 mark

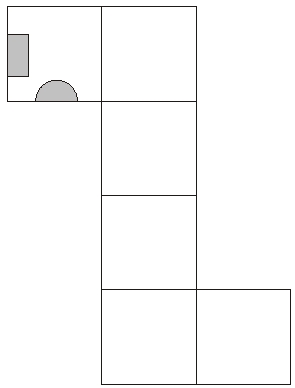
**Q19.**

A cube has shaded shapes on three of its faces.



Here is a net of the cube.

Draw in the two missing shaded shapes.



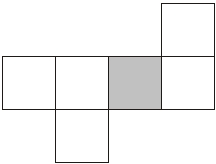
1 mark

**Q20.**

Here is a cube.

The cube is shaded all the way round so that the top half is grey and the bottom half is white.

Here is the net of the cube. Complete the shading.

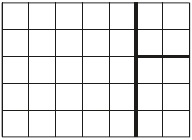


2 marks

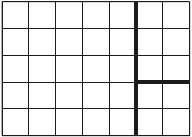
Mark schemes

**Q1.**

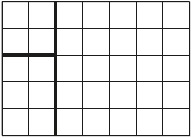
Rectangle divided, as shown:



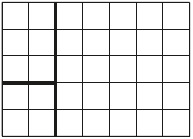
**OR**



**OR**



**OR**

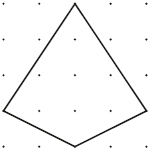


*Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing provided the intention is clear.*

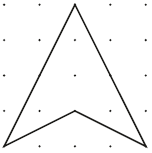
**[1]**

**Q2.**

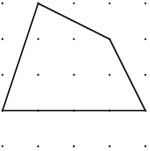
A quadrilateral with three acute angles, e.g.



**OR**



**OR**

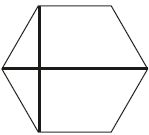


*Accept inaccurate drawing provided the intention is clear.*

**[1]**

**Q3.**

Diagram completed as shown:



**OR**



*Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing, provided the intention is clear.*

*Diagrams may be completed in any orientation.*

**U1**

**[1]**

**Q4.**

Completes all three rows correctly, eg:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| • | rectangle | 3cm | 3cm | 15cm | 15cm |
|  | rhombus | 9cm | 9cm | 9cm | 9cm |
|  | kite | 10cm | 10cm | 8cm | 8cm |

*! Measures*

*Accept Side lengths in each row may be given in any order*

*Accept correct values with cm omitted eg, for the rectangle:*

*•    15     3     15*

**2**

***or***

Completes two rows correctly

**1**

**[2]**

**Q5.**

(a)     rhombus

*Accept unambiguous abbreviations or recognisable misspellings.*

**1**

(b)     kite

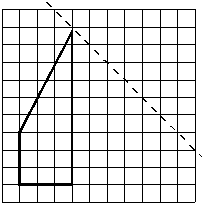
*Accept unambiguous abbreviations or recognisable misspellings.*

**1**

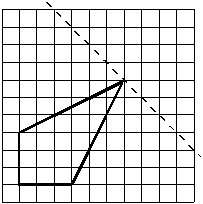
**[2]**

**Q6.**

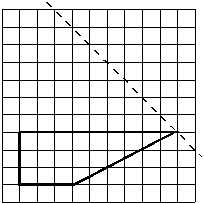
Two more lines drawn which intersect at a fourth vertex located  
anywhere on the dotted line shown on the diagrams below, eg



**OR**



**OR**



*Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing provided the intention is clear.*

**[1]**

**Q7.**

(a)     55°

*If answers for 9a and 9b are transposed, but otherwise correct, award the mark for 9b only*

**1**

(b)     25°

**1**

**[2]**

**Q8.**

132

**[1]**

**Q9.**

(a)     289

**1**

(b)     Award **TWO** marks for a correct answer of 205 **OR** a number calculated from the answer given in ***(a)***, ie  
(answer given in ***(a)***) – 66

          If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, eg

          196 – (4 × 16.5)

**OR**(answer given in ***(a)***) – (4 × 16.5)

**OR**142 + 32 = 196 + 9 (Pythagoras)

*Calculation need not be completed for the award of the mark.*

**Up to 2**

**[3]**

**Q10.**

(a)     Indicates



**1**

(b)     Indicates the correct shape not shaded in part (a).

***Throughout,*** *shading or drawing need not be accurate, as long as the pupil’s intention is clear.*

*Accept correct shapes drawn on any grid.*

*Ignore the shape given in the example, or individual single triangles, shaded or drawn on any grid.*

*Ignore a correct shape repeated on any grid.*

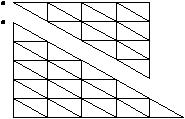
**1**

(c)     Indicates 4 triangles which form a bigger triangle similar to those  
forming the grid, eg:



**1**

(d)     Indicates 9 or more triangles which form a bigger triangle similar to   
those forming the grid, eg:



**1**

**[4]**

**Q11.**

11 cm

**[1]**

**Q12.**

Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 14

          If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of appropriate  
method, eg

          17.5 × 4 = 70

          70 ÷ 5

*Accept for* ***ONE*** *mark 140* ***OR*** *1.4 as evidence of appropriate method.*

*Answer need not be obtained for the award of* ***ONE*** *mark.*

**Up to 2 (U1)**

**[2]**

**Q13.**

(a)     12.5 **OR** 12½

**1**

(b)     Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer in the range of 66 to 66.1  
inclusive **OR** an answer based upon values obtained in **13a**.

          If the answer is incorrect award **ONE** mark for evidence of an  
appropriate method, eg

•    (3.14 × 5 × 5) –12.5

*The calculation need not be completed for the award of the mark.*

**Up to 2**

**[3]**

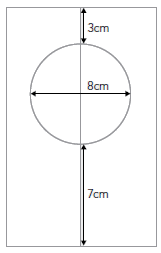
**Q14.**

Completes the drawing according to the following conditions, with a tolerance of 3 mm in each case

the circle has a diameter of 8 cm

the highest point at which the circle crosses the central vertical line is 3 cm from the top of the answer box

the lowest point at which the circle crosses the central vertical line is 7 cm from the bottom of the answer box



**3**

***or***

Any two of the three conditions given above are correct

**2**

***or***

Any one of the three conditions given above is correct

**1**

*Accept flag constructed ‘upside down’*

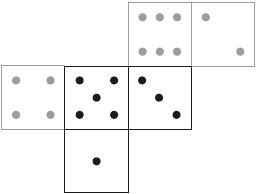
*! Shading incorrect or omitted, or additional lines drawn  
Condone, provided the response is unambiguous*

*! Compasses not used   
For pupils who meet one or more of the conditions without using compasses, deduct ONE mark*

**[3]**

**Q15.**

Net completed, as shown:



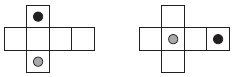
*Accept unconventional arrangements of the dots, provided the intended number is clear and correct.*

*Accept numbers instead of dots.*

**[1]**

**Q16.**

Award **TWO** marks for three diagrams completed as shown:



*Accept alternative unambiguous indications.*

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for two diagrams correct.

**Up to 2**

**U1**

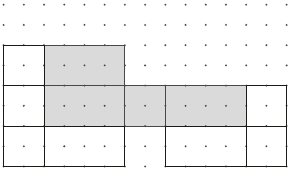
**[2]**

**Q17.**

(a)     Rectangle (oblong) drawn in one of the correct positions as shown  
in diagram below:

**1**

(b)     Square drawn in one of the correct positions as shown in the diagram below:



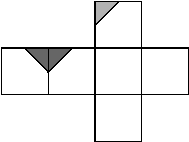
*Only accept a square that is joined to the side of an adjacent rectangle (oblong).*

**1**

**[2]**

**Q18.**

Diagram marked as shown:



*Both triangles must be correctly marked.*

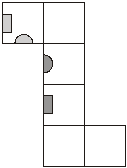
*Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing, provided the intention is clear.*

*Triangles need not be shaded.*

**[1]**

**Q19.**

Diagram completed as shown:



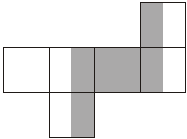
*Accept: inaccuracies in drawing provided the intention is clear.*

*Shapes need not be shaded.*

**[1]**

**Q20.**

Award **TWO** marks for four faces correctly shaded as shown:



          If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for:

•    only the correct four faces marked **AND** at least two shaded correctly

**OR**

•    four faces shaded correctly **AND** one shaded incorrectly

**OR**

•    three faces shaded correctly **AND** none shaded incorrectly.

*The width of each shaded rectangle is irrelevant provided the intention is clear.*

**Up to 2 (U1)**

**[2]**